PAWAR PUBLIC SCHOOL, KANDIVALI

MUNificent

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VOLUME 1

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GETTING STARTED

"The United Nations is our one great hope for a peaceful and free world" -Ralph Bunche

 With this vision in mind, we have gathered once again for the seventh edition of the PPSK Model United Nations, 'MUNificent'. Though there was a year of dormancy, the enthusiasm and passion of the students have not diminished.

 MUNificent provides students a platform to express and develop their skills in public speaking, research, critical thinking, diplomacy, problem solving, and teamwork. It also aims to enhance the understanding of global issues, international relations, and intercultural awareness.

 Students, role-playing as delegates, represent various countries and organizations. They act as its diplomats, trying to debate global issues and draft resolutions. It provides students with a different perspective to view diplomacy and collaboration.

 Students have not only taken home awards and skills but also unforgettable experiences like the heated arguments, moments of teamwork, and team bonding, and most importantly, all the memories built along the way.

 With ten different committees tackling ten different global and local issues, along with the dedicated press and logistics committees, MUN brings together over 200 students. We have managed to capture some of those bittersweet moments to give you a glimpse into the dramatic, chaotic, yet unforgettable experience through this edition of the PPSK MUNificent Magazine.

Sochum

Agenda: Countering the use of information of and Communications technologies for criminal purposes.

The Model United Nations (MUN) committee known as SOCHUM stands for the Social, Humanitarian, and Cultural Committee. It is formally recognized as the Third Committee of the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) and is one of the six main committees that focus on global social and human rights issues.

FAO

Agenda: Empowering youth in inclusive and sustainable food systems.
Agenda: Reduction of Factory Farming.

The Model United Nations (MUN) committee FAO stands for the Food and Agriculture Organization. This committee simulates the real-world United Nations agency dedicated to eliminating hunger, improving nutrition, and promoting sustainable agriculture worldwide.

General Assembly

Agenda: **Tackling Antimicrobial Resistance in Global Health**.
Agenda: **Mental Health as a Global Priority: Addressing the Crisis**.

The Model United Nations (MUN) General Assembly committee simulates the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA), the principal deliberative body of the UN, where all member states have equal representation and each country has one vote.

Lok Sabha

Agenda: Reviewing the Reservation System in Higher Education and Jobs

The Model United Nations (MUN) Lok Sabha committee is a simulation of the Lok Sabha, which is the lower house of India's Parliament. In this committee, participants (delegates) assume the roles of Indian Members of Parliament (MPs) and engage in debates, drafting, and decision-making processes concerning national legislative issues and policy matters.

ECOSOC

Agenda: Strengthening Humanitarian Assistance in the Face of Climate Crisis.

The Model United Nations (MUN) Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) committee simulates the real United Nations ECOSOC, one of the UN's six principal organs. ECOSOC provides a forum for dialogue, policy development, and coordination on global economic, social, and humanitarian issues.

UNSC

Agenda: Peace in Israel-Hamas Conflict.

The Model United Nations (MUN) Security Council (UNSC) committee simulates the United Nations Security Council, which is one of the six principal organs of the UN and is primarily responsible for maintaining international peace and security.

WHO

Agenda: Family Planning and Reproductive Health in the 21st Century.

The Model United Nations (MUN) committee WHO stands for the World Health Organization, which is a specialized agency of the United Nations responsible for international public health. In MUN, the WHO committee simulates real-world discussions and decision-making processes on global health issues.

UNDP

Agenda: Global Policies for Reducing Plastic Waste and Ocean Pollution.

The Model United Nations (MUN) committee UNDP stands for the United Nations Development Programme, which is a key UN agency focused on global development, poverty reduction, and sustainable progress. In MUN, the UNDP committee simulates the real-world agency's efforts to support countries in achieving sustainable development goals and improving quality of life worldwide.

UNHRC

Agenda: The crisis of human trafficking.

The Model United Nations (MUN) committee UNHRC stands for the United Nations Human Rights Council. It is a UN intergovernmental body composed of 47 member states elected by the General Assembly, tasked with promoting and protecting human rights worldwide. Established in 2006 to replace the former Commission on Human Rights, the UNHRC serves as the main platform for dialogue on human rights issues, monitoring violations, making recommendations, and promoting accountability.

CCPCJ

Agenda: Cybercrime and Cryptocurrency Fraud.

The Model United Nations (MUN) committee CCPCJ stands for the Commission on Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice. It is a functional commission of the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) and serves as the principal policymaking body of the United Nations in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice.

Logistics

Enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of delegate conference day operations.

In Model United Nations (MUN), the committee of logistics generally refers to the team or group responsible for managing the practical and organizational aspects of the MUN conference rather than a debate committee simulating a UN body.

Press Corps

Providing accurate, unbiased, and comprehensive coverage of committee debates and conference developments to inform and engage the global audience.

The Model United Nations (MUN) International Press Corps (IPC) is a unique committee where participants act as journalists covering the conference. The IPC simulates the work of real-world reporters who provide accurate, impartial, and comprehensive coverage of debates, negotiations, and events occurring within various MUN committees. Its main role is to observe committee sessions, conduct interviews, and produce articles, opinion pieces, and news updates to inform all conference participants and the public.

SOCHUM

Agenda: Countering the use of information of and Communications technologies for criminal purposes.

The SOCHUM committee produced a coordinated, multi-nation strategy that addresses immediate cyber threats and builds long-term digital security. The measures prioritize:
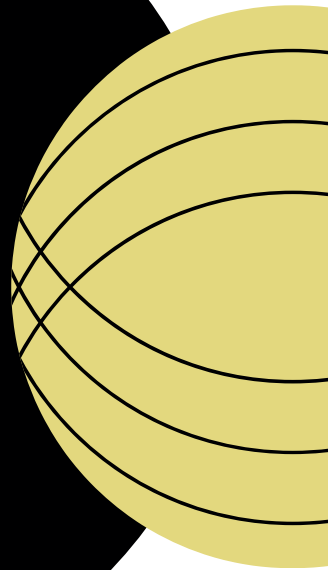
- Rapid crisis response
- Legal harmonization
- Strong intelligence-sharing
- Platform accountability
- Cryptocurrency regulation
- Protection of citizens and critical infrastructure

This two-day collaboration between Cambodia, Myanmar, Russia, India, and China demonstrates a unified commitment to countering cybercrime while safeguarding global human rights and stability.

FAO

Agenda: Empowering youth in inclusive and sustainable food systems.
Agenda: Reduction of Factory Farming.

During the committee's emergency crisis, Member States cooperated to prevent an international food shortage:

- France, Argentina, and Brazil agreed to supply surplus rice to India, ensuring immediate food stability.
- Singapore facilitated the trade and logistics process, enabling smooth transportation of essential food grains.
- India, acknowledging the humanitarian support received, committed to returning the profits to the assisting nations once the crisis stabilizes.

This coordinated response showcased multilateral solidarity, responsible humanitarian conduct, and youth-driven negotiation efforts consistent with FAO values.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

On Antimicrobial Resistance

- Delegates agreed on developing national AMR action plans aligned with WHO standards.
- Support was expressed for a global surveillance grid and regulated agricultural antibiotic use.
- The committee prioritized education campaigns, R&D investment, and pharmacy regulations.

On Mental Health

- The committee recognized mental health as equal in importance to physical health.
- Member States endorsed integrated primary mental healthcare, school-based mental-wellness programs, and digital tele-therapy services.
- A recommendation was made for creating a Global Mental Health Fund and post-crisis psychological support systems.

Lok Sabha

Agenda: Reviewing the Reservation System in Higher Education and Jobs

This Bill seeks to ensure transparency, fairness, and periodic review in the implementation of reservation policies in education, employment, and public institutions, promoting both social justice and meritocracy.

Key Clauses:

1. National Reservation Audit Commission (NRAC):
   - To be established to monitor, audit, and publish annual reports on reservation implementation across all central and state institutions.
2. Economic and Social Evaluation:
   - Mandates regular socio-economic surveys every five years to reassess eligibility criteria and ensure benefits reach genuinely marginalized groups.
3. Transparency in Private Aided Institutions:
   - Requires all government-aided private schools and colleges to publish category-wise admission and recruitment data annually.
4. Public Accessibility:
   - All reservation audit reports shall be publicly accessible online for citizen review and policy improvement.
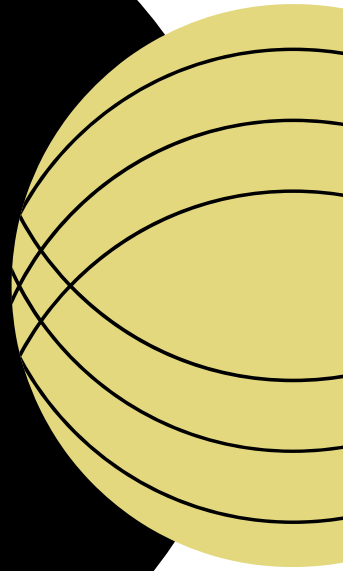5. Implementation:
   - This Bill shall be implemented within nine months under the Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, in coordination with the Ministry of Education and Ministry of Labour and Employment.

Signatories: INC, SP, BSP, DMK, AAP, CPI(M)

ECOSOC

Agenda: Strengthening Humanitarian Assistance in the Face of Climate Crisis.

The committee collectively recognized that the climate crisis demands a decisive shift from fragmented, reaction-based response to coordinated, anticipatory, and resilience-driven humanitarian action. Across all proposals, common priorities emerged:

- AI-enabled early warning & predictive analytics
- Green and resilient infrastructure
- Forecast-based and index-linked financing
- Digital humanitarian systems
- Nature-based climate adaptation
- International cooperation rooted in equity and justice

The committee affirms its commitment to ensuring that humanitarian assistance is timely, inclusive, technologically advanced, and aligned with long-term climate resilience for all vulnerable communities.

UNSC

Agenda: Peace in Israel-Hamas Conflict.

1) Proposes the creation of a unified and secular Federal State of Israel-Palestine;

2) All residents will be granted equal citizenship;

3) A bicameral Federal legislature will be established;

4) Jerusalem shall remain the undivided capital;

5) Encourages disbandment of Hamas's military wing and a single military unit for the state;

6) Calls for truth and reconciliation commission to address historical grievances and human
right violations;

7) Mandates full rights and religious protection;

8) Requests the deployment of a UN peacekeeping Mission;

9) Proposes economic integration programs;

10) Recommends that refugee can return and rehabilitation takes place;

11) Calls upon all member states to support this solution diplomatically and financially;

12) Affirms the commitment of the USA and State of Israel to a peaceful resolution that guarantees dignity, security and political rights both locally and globally.

WHO

**Agenda: Family Planning and
Reproductive Health in the 21st Century**.

The committee reaffirms its commitment to ensuring equal and dignified reproductive healthcare for all. It recognizes the urgent need to improve rural access and reduce disparities between regions.

Strengthening supply chains and empowering local health workers remain key priorities.

Adopting equal-share funding models supports fairness and transparency in resource allocation.

Technology-based solutions will help streamline delivery and expand community outreach.

Member states emphasize cooperation to build long-term, sustainable systems.

Inclusive policies must ensure that no individual is left behind due to geography or status.

Together, these efforts create a more just, accessible, and resilient global framework.
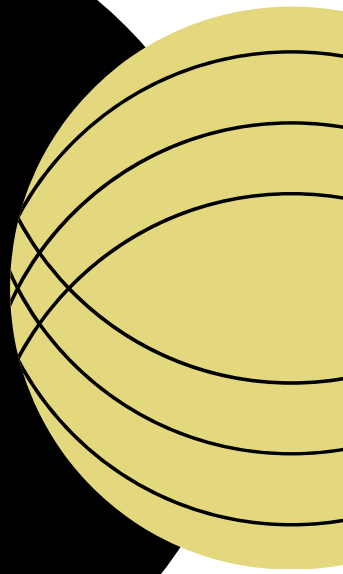
UNDP

Agenda: Global Policies for Reducing Plastic Waste and Ocean Pollution.

Proposed Solutions

- Proposes establishing an International Circular Economy Alliance (ICEA) under UNDP to promote recycling innovation and sustainable production models.
- Supports creating a Global Plastic Action Fund (GPAF) to finance waste-management upgrades in developing nations through low-interest assistance and technical support.
- Encourages formally integrating informal waste workers by providing training, equipment, safety standards, and fair compensation.
- Recommends a coordinated global phase-out of single-use plastics, along with investment in biodegradable, reusable, and eco-friendly packaging.
- Calls for scaling up UNDP-led beach, river, and ocean cleanup initiatives, paired with public education campaigns.
- Endorses progress toward a UN Global Plastic Treaty addressing plastic production, usage, recycling, and final disposal.
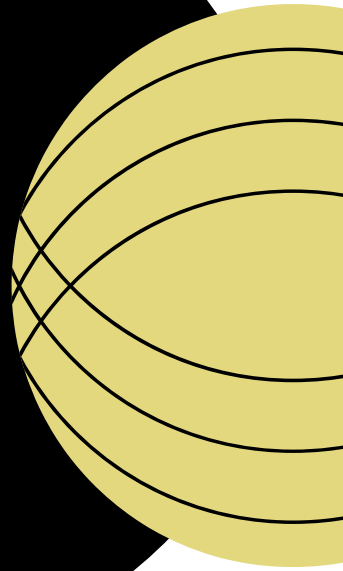
UNHRC

Agenda: Freedom of Press and
Journalist Protections Worldwide.

The committee reaffirms that human trafficking remains one of the most urgent global challenges, demanding coordinated, consistent, and compassionate action from all member states. By strengthening national legislation, addressing root causes, and enhancing cross-border cooperation, nations commit to a unified front against trafficking networks. The focus on technology, ethical monitoring, and data-sharing further strengthens global prevention efforts, while victim-centred and trauma-informed approaches ensure dignity, support, and long-term recovery for survivors. Through international partnership and shared responsibility, the global community moves closer to a future where every individual is protected from exploitation and empowered to live safely and freely.

Commission on Crime prevention and Criminal Justice

A short intro or kicker of the article will go here. This part acts as a bridge between the headline and the article itself.

The Committee concludes that addressing plastic waste and ocean pollution requires collective responsibility, stronger global commitments, and inclusive policies that support both developed and developing nations. It stresses that long-term solutions must focus on innovation, sustainable production, and better was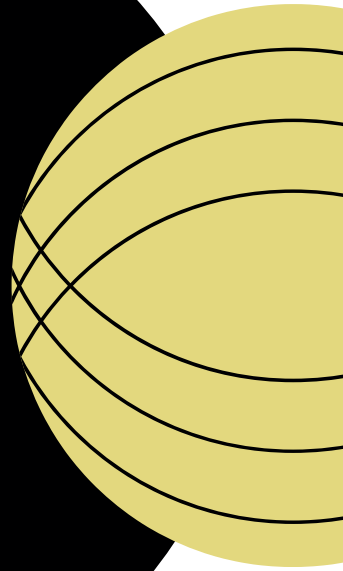te management systems accessible to all. The Committee further emphasizes that protecting marine ecosystems is not only an environmental duty but a shared obligation to future generations, urging all countries to act decisively and cooperatively.

LOGISTICS

In Model United Nations (MUN) conferences, the Logistics Team stands as the essential foundation, expertly managing venue setups, technology, registrations, and crisis responses to ensure flawless execution. Their meticulous planning and teamwork prevent disruptions, enabling delegates to immerse fully in diplomatic simulations. By upholding the UN's ideals of collaboration and precision, they enhance the event's impact and legacy

PRESS CORPS

The Model UN Press Corps serves as the driving force of communication within the conference, capturing the essence of every debate, decision, and diplomatic development. Acting as journalists from prominent global news agencies, members investigate issues, question delegates, and report with accuracy and impartiality. Their articles, interviews, and briefings provide valuable insights that help participants understand the wider implications of committee actions. By documenting events as they unfold, the Press Corps ensures transparency and adds depth to the overall MUN experience. Ultimately, it highlights the essential role of media in shaping international dialogue, accountability, and informed global awareness

MAGZINE COURTESY

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